

# Therapeutic antibody concentrations at the biophase

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Workflow

- **Experimental work**
- **PBPK modeling**
- Conclusion
- **Acknowledgements**

#### Background



## *Total tissue concentration vs. concentrations in tissue subcompartments*



Commonly reported total tissue concentrations represent a mixture of all three spaces!

Clinically mostly just plasma measurements available!

#### Aim



Refine assessment and PBPK based prediction of therapeutic antibody PK in the tissue interstitial space

- Correction of total tissue concentrations
- > Direct experimental assessment
- > PBPK model based prediction



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#### 1. Biodistribution study





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#### **Collect biodistribution Data**



Measuring PK in plasma & total tissue PK in 11 tissues

- Untargeted IgG
- I.v. Dose: 10 mg/kg
- > 3 mice / time point
- 10 sampling times



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#### **Tissue composition and volumes**



Assess residual plasma, extracellular and interstitial volumes in tissue samples

<sup>51</sup>Cr-EDTA with 60 min distribution time for ECV

 $fVec = \frac{{^{51}Cr\ counts}/{1g\_Tissue}}{{^{51}Cr\ counts}/{1mL\_Plasma}}$ 

#### <sup>125</sup>I-HSA with 5 min distribution time for residual plasma

 $fVres.pla = \frac{^{125}I \ counts/1g\_Tissue}{^{125}I \ counts/1mL\_Plasma}$ 



#### **Residual plasma correction**



Derive tissue extravascular concentrations

Subtract drug in residual plasma from totally measured amount of drug



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#### **Tissue centrifugation – Interstitial PK**



Direct experimental assessment of interstitial concentrations

- Centrifuge tissue sample in tube at low speed
- Collect fluid sample at the bottom of the tube<sup>1</sup>





<sup>1</sup>Wiig, H. et al. *Isolation of interstitial fluid from rat mammary tumors by a centrifugation method.* American journal of physiology. Heart and circulatory physiology, 2003.



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#### **Impact on PBPK model**



Integrate data into PBPK model & refine model

Tissues modeled based on underlying capillary types:

- Continuous (---)
  - Distinct interstitial & vascular space
  - Uptake & lymph flow estimated
- Discontinuous (------)
  - Interstitial & vascular space equilibrated, not distinguishable based on data
  - Uptake & lymph flow not identifiable
- ➤ Tight (—)
  - Antibodies largely restricted to vascular space
  - Negligible uptake & lymph flow not identifiable



#### Model based analysis



## Describe biodistribution data and predict drug amount in tissue subcompartments





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> Interstitial antibody concentrations are highly tissue specific:

- Depend on underlying capillary structure
  - Continuous capillaries: ~50-60% of plasma concentration
  - Discontinuous capillaries: reflected by plasma concentrations
  - Tight capillaries: restricted to vasculature → negligible interstitial concentrations
- More tissue specific implementation into PBPK model
- Allows more realistic model based predictions of the PK in the interstitial space



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# Thank you!

# **Questions?**



### Doing now what patients need next